## PENDING CLAIMS Application No. 10/012,029 Attorney Docket No. 05725.1003-00000 Filed: December 11, 2001

1-126. (Canceled).

127. (Previously presented) A method of lengthening eyelashes, comprising: applying to the human keratin material, an effective amount of a mascara comprising a composition comprising, in a physiologically acceptable medium: at least one first polymer of formula (I) and mixtures thereof:

$$R^{1} - O = \begin{cases} C - R^{2} - C - N - R^{3} - N \\ 0 & O \end{cases} = \begin{cases} R^{4} - R^{4} \\ 0 & O \end{cases} = \begin{cases} R^{4} - C - C - O - R^{1} \\ 0 & O \end{cases}$$

in which:

- n is an integer which represents the number of amide units such that the number of ester groups present in said at least one structuring polymer ranges from 10% to 50% of the total number of all said ester groups and all said amide groups comprised in said at least one structuring polymer;
- R<sup>1</sup>, which are identical or different, are each chosen from alkyl groups comprising at least 4 carbon atoms and alkenyl groups comprising at least 4 carbon atoms;

- $R^2$ , which are identical or different, are each chosen from  $C_4$  to  $C_{42}$  hydrocarbon-based groups with the proviso that at least 50% of  $R^2$  are chosen from  $C_{30}$  to  $C_{42}$  hydrocarbon-based groups;
- R<sup>3</sup>, which are identical or different, are each chosen from organic groups comprising atoms chosen from carbon atoms, hydrogen atoms, oxygen atoms and nitrogen atoms with the proviso that R<sup>3</sup> comprises at least 2 carbon atoms; and
- R<sup>4</sup>, which are identical or different, are each chosen from hydrogen atoms, C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>10</sub> alkyl groups and a direct bond to a group chosen from R<sup>3</sup> and another R<sup>4</sup> such that when said at least one group is chosen from another R<sup>4</sup>, the nitrogen atom to which both R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are bonded forms part of a heterocyclic structure defined in part by R<sup>4</sup>-N-R<sup>3</sup>, with the proviso that at least 50% of all R<sup>4</sup> are chosen from hydrogen atoms; and

a dispersion of particles of at least one second film-forming polymer that is insoluble in said medium.

- 128. (Original) The method according to Claim 127, wherein the at least one first polymer is a polyamide having end groups in which the end groups comprise an ester group, the ester group comprising a hydrocarbon-based chain comprising from 10 to 42 carbon atoms.
- 129. (Original) The method according to Claim 127, wherein the at least one first polymer has a weight-average molecular mass ranging from 1,000 to 30,000.
- 130. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 127, wherein the at least one first polymer is chosen from ethylene diamine/stearyl dimer tallate copolymer.